

Third grade

28	36. committee	noun	a group of people delegated to consider, investigate, or act on and usually to report on some matter or business.
28	7. mirage	noun	an optical phenomenon observed on still days over deserts or hot pavements that has the mirrorlike appearance of a quiet pool of water.
288	3. newfangled	adjective	recently made or of the most up-to-date style.
289	o. surcharge	noun	a price demanded for a thing or service in excess of the usual or normal amount.
290	. marksmanship	noun	the art or skill of a person practiced at hitting a target especially with firearms.
291.	column	noun	one of a building's vertical supporting structures.
292.	plaque** OR placque	noun	an inscribed metal tablet that identifies a site or commemorates an individual or event.
293.	rebuke	verb	to criticize sharply: to reprimand.
294.	adversity	noun	a condition of suffering, destitution, or affliction often implying previous prosperity or well-being.
295.	symphony	noun	a large piece for orchestra usually in three or four contrasting movements.
296.	aquamarine	noun	a pale blue to light greenish blue.
297.	altar	noun	a tablelike construction used in the Christian church in celebrating the Eucharist : communion table.



261.	onyx	adjective	of the color jet black.
262.	demigod	noun	a mythological divine or semidivine being (as the offspring of a deity and a mortal).
263.	trek	noun	a trip or movement especially when involving difficulties or complex organization.
264.	teriyaki	noun	a dish of Japanese origin consisting of meat or fish that is grilled or broiled after being marinated in a seasoned soy sauce.
265.	contribute	verb	to add (as knowledge or effort) to a common interest or activity.
266.	hocus-pocus** OR hokus-pokus	noun	something that confuses, misleads, or is difficult to comprehend.
267.	narwhal** ⊖R narwal	noun	an arctic cetacean that has no dorsal fin, is marbled black and white in color, reaches a length of about 16 feet, and possesses in the male one or rarely two long, spirally twisted pointed tusks.
268.	melancholy	adjective	depressed in spirits : mournful.
269.	merfolk	plural noun	legendary peoples of the sea having human head, trunk, and arms and the tail of a fish.
270.	gargoyles	plural noun	spouts often having the form of a grotesque figure or animal and projecting from a roof gutter to throw rainwater clear of a building.
271.	pavilions	plural noun	light sometimes ornamental structures in gardens, parks, or places of recreation that are used for entertainment or shelter.
272	. skeptical OR sceptical	adjective	characterized by an attitude of doubt or disposition in regard to something particular (such as a supposed fact).



23	6. voyage	noun	a journey by water : cruise.
237	7. advantage	noun	a more favorable or improved position or condition.
238	3. applause	noun	approval publicly expressed (as by clapping hands).
239	. nostrils	plural nour	the external openings of the nose or nasal cavity of a vertebrate.
240	. television	noun	a medium of communication whereby images and sounds are transmitted.
241.	mattress	noun	a resilient pad for use as a resting place alone or supported on a bedstead.
242.	soldier	noun	a person engaged in military service.
243.	trousers** OR trowsers	plural noun	an outer garment extending from the waist to the ankle or sometimes only to or just below the knee.
244.	albums	plural noun	one or more recordings produced as a single unit.
245.	muscles	plural noun	tissues that function to produce motion and are made up of variously modified elongated cells capable of contracting when stimulated.
246.	diploma	noun	a document that records that a person has completed a course or graduated from a school.
247.	harpoons	plural noun	throwing weapons used in hunting large fish and sea animals.
248.	rampage	noun	a state of being turbulently active, wildly agitated, or destructive.



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213.	ointment	noun	a salve or unguent for application to the skin; specifically: a semisolid medicinal preparation usually having a base of fatty or greasy material.
214.	Gothic	adjective	of, relating to or having the characteristics of a European style of architecture from the 12th to the 16th centuries that is characterized by slender vertical piers and counterbalancing buttresses, and with pointed arches and vaulting.
215.	midair	noun	any point or region in the air not immediately adjacent to the ground or other solid or liquid surface beneath it.
216.	hurricane	noun	a tropical cyclone with winds of 73 miles per hour or greater.
217.	laurel	noun	a recognition of superior achievement : a mark of public esteem : an honor.
218.	lollygag** OR lallygag	verb	to fool around : to loiter, dawdle.
219.	vermin	plural noun	small common harmful animals (such as bedbugs and mice) that tend to occur in great numbers and are difficult to control.
220.	argument	noun	the act or process of contending or disagreeing in words : a disputation.
221.	wreckage	noun	the remains of the destruction, disorganization, or serious injury of something especially by violence.
222.	dolphin	noun	any of various small marine toothed whales that have the snout more or less elongated into a beak and the neck vertebrae partially fused.
223.	. infinite	adjective	having no end : extending indefinitely.